

The E P R Act delivers a solution.

but outdated energy infrastructure and our current energy capacity.

70s, and transmission lines are rapidly approaching the end of their lifecycle.

ineffective, and costly.

helping meet growing demand for electricity and strengthen American energy security.

The [Energy Permitting Reform Act \(EPRA\) of 2024](#) seeks to accelerate the permitting process for critical energy and mineral projects of all types in the U.S. Introduced by Senators Joe Manchin (I-WV) and John Barrasso (R-WY), Chairman and Ranking Member of the Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee, EPRA would help the U.S. to meet the growing demand for electricity, deploy transmission lines to deliver clean, reliable power, and strengthen American energy security.

- 100% of clean power projects
- 100% of investment*
- an estimated 100,000 jobs
- the foundation for the U.S. to reach its full clean energy potential

**coupled with significant interregional transmission capacity*

deploy transmission lines to deliver clean & reliable power, and strengthen American energy security.

- [Interregional Transmission Planning Act](#) —Creates a workable interregional transmission planning and cost allocation process and breathes life into the
 - [Public Lands Energy Review Act](#) —Provides categorical exclusions for renewable energy, storage, and transmission on public lands to exclude certain low-impact activities altogether from NEPA review.
 - [Energy Permitting Reform Act](#) —Creates permitting timelines for the beginning and end of the permitting process for projects on public lands—which, in combination with the permitting timeline reforms from the FRA, should help ensure the entire permitting process runs expeditiously.
 - [Offshore Wind Leasing Act](#) —Ensures offshore wind leasing for the next five years and improves transmission permitting through marine sanctuaries.
- greater certainty for clean energy projects and defend against late-term litigation challenges.

